

ALLODIUM MOORISH PRAEDIUM ANTE GEORGIA

(A Provincial State Government under the existing and pre-existing Sovereignty of the Moroccan Empire)



101

Questions & Answers for Moroccan Nationals

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The Moroccan / Shereefian / Moorish Empire

Morocco of the Farthest West

Allodium Moorish Praedium Ante Georgia

Territory / Geographic Location within the Moroccan Empire

Latitude: 30.5 degrees North – 34.9 degrees North

Longitude: 80.8 degrees West – 85.6 degrees West

298 Miles long (East to West) – 230 Miles wide (North to South)

[Land area formerly known as the STATE OF GEORGIA]

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'101' Questions & Answers for Moroccan Nationals

- (1) What is the National Name of our autonomous State Government?
Allodium Moorish Praedium Ante Georgia
- (2) What does 'Allodium Moorish Praedium Ante Georgia' mean?
Free Moorish Estates before GEORGIA
- (3) What is AMPAG's political status?
A *de jure* Provincial State Government under the existing and pre-existing sovereignty of the Moroccan Empire.
- (4) According to the United Nations Charter, what are the requirements for being recognized as a Nation State?
 - i. **Constitution**
 - ii. **Declaration of Independence**
 - iii. **State Flag**
 - iv. **State Seal**
- (5) Is AMPAG the Government for the entire Moroccan / Moorish Empire?
No. AMPAG is a Moroccan State Government whose peoples reclaimed the Trust Territory known as the STATE OF GEORGIA within the Moroccan Empire.
- (6) What is AMPAG's National Motto?
Unitum Stamus
- (7) What does 'Unitum Stamus' mean?
It is Latin for "We Stand United"
- (8) What is the name of AMPAG's State Constitution?
The Law of Sankofa

- (9) When was the 'Law of Sankofa' originally ratified?
May 29, 2022
- (10) When was AMPAG's Public Inauguration?
May 29, 2022
- (11) What are the longitude and latitude for AMPAG's dominions?
Latitude: 30.5 degrees North – 34.9 degrees North
Longitude: 80.8 degrees West – 85.6 degrees West
- (12) What is AMPAG's Earth dominions?
298 Miles long (East to West) – 230 Miles wide (North to South)
- (13) What is the total area of Land within AMPAG's dominions?
57,906 square miles of Land
- (14) What is the total area of Water Ways within AMPAG's dominions?
1,519 square miles of Water
- (15) What is the Lowest Point within AMPAG's dominions?
0 feet above sea level known as the Atlantic Ocean
- (16) What is the Highest Point within AMPAG's dominions?
4,784 feet above sea level known as Brasstown Bald Mountain
- (17) Can a description be given of AMPAG's State Flag?
Yes
- (18) Can AMPAG's State Seal be described according to each symbol within it?
Yes

- (19) What does the ‘royal blue’ within the background of AMPAG’s State Seal represent?
Moorish dominance over the seven seas
- (20) What do the 13 Stars surrounding AMPAG’s State Seal represent?
The 13 Matriarchs of the Dalil Aziz / Matriarchal Council, which are our State’s Legislators
- (21) What does the ‘Owl’ within AMPAG’s State Seal represent?
The Wisdom of the Moors related to the ability to ‘see in the dark’
- (22) What does the ‘Zodiac Ring’ surrounding AMPAG’s State Seal represent?
The Astrological Characteristics of Natural Law
- (23) What does the ‘Ankh’ within AMPAG’s State Seal represent?
The Union/Unity of Man & Woman | The Ancient Symbol of Life
- (24) What do the ‘Scales’ within AMPAG’s State Seal represent?
The Scales of Justice
- (25) What does the ‘Pyramid’ and the ‘All Seeing Eye’ on AMPAG’s State Seal represent?
The utilization of ancient Kemetic symbolism, to portray the Moroccan people coming together in full knowledge and power to enact our Constitution.
- (26) What does the ‘Circle 7’ on AMPAG’s State Seal represent?
Moorish Wisdom, brought to Moors by Prophet Noble Drew Ali, during a period of “darkness” suffered by all the Moors who have been naturalized in ‘American’ jurisdiction.
- (27) What does a National of AMPAG ‘affirm’ and ‘declare’ to uphold allegiance to?
The ‘Law of Sankofa’ (AMPAG State Constitution)

- (28) According to the 'Law of Sankofa', what are the (2) Statuses of AMPAG's Nationals?
Matrilineal & Patrilineal
- (29) What is the 'Matrilineal' Status?
One whose Moorish birthright descends from their Moorish 'Mother'
- (30) What is the 'Patrilineal' Status?
One whose Moorish birthright descends from their Moorish 'Father'
- (31) What is the proper name for the land known as 'America'?
Morocco. Al Magrib Al Aqsa | Morocco of the Farthest West
- (32) Within the Moroccan Empire, where does the original criminal and civil jurisdiction lie?
With Competent Moorish Governments and Consular Courts
- (33) In pursuance to which international agreement did AMPAG establish Diplomatic Immunities for its Officers?
The Vienna Convention on Diplomatic Immunities of 1969
- (34) What Moorish Treaty did AMPAG accede to in order to lawfully enforce 'Decolonization' in Morocco?
The International Convention of Algeciras, commonly known as the 'Act of Algeciras 1906'
- (35) Describe the 'Treaty of Peace and Friendship 1787 / 1836' ?
A protectorate Treaty of 'amity' and 'commerce' between the United States of America and the Sultan of Morocco in which Morocco recognized the Americans as a sovereign "State" and placed them under Moroccan protections.
- (36) According to Contract Law, the parties must be known. In the Bilateral 'Treaty of Peace and Friendship 1787 / 1836', who are the 'contracting parties'?

The United States of America (Americans) and the Empire of Morocco (Moroccans)

- (37) Who are the 'Americans' and who are the 'Moroccans'?
The Americans are 'citizens' of the de jure United States of America ("white" people) and the Moroccans are subjects of Morocco (Moors) who lost their Nationality by becoming naturalized as 'American citizens' through the Naturalization Act of 1870. The Moroccans later became known as Negro, Blacks, Coloured/Colored, African American, Moorish American and Indian, etc. after we were stripped of our Nationality by way of legislation (power of the pen).
- (38) What was the name of the United States of America changed to in 1871?
It was changed to the 'UNITED STATES' Municipal Corporation, District of Columbia Washington D.C. pursuant to the Act of Congress 1871
- (39) Why did the U.S.A. change their name and govern structure in 1871?
To escape their Treaty obligations with the Empire of Morocco
- (40) How did the Moors lose their Nationality in North America?
Through 'hypothecation' and by becoming naturalized in or protected by another country having treaty relations with the Moorish Empire.
- (41) What is 'Hypothecation'?
To pledge something as security for a loan, without the actual delivery of the item pledged.
- (42) Name (2) documents (Legislation) used to 'de-nationalize' and unlawfully 'naturalize' the Moors in Morocco, under American jurisdiction?
- i. The Naturalization Act of 1870
 - ii. The Alien Act of 1798

- (43) Name (2) documents (Legislation) used to ‘hypothecate’ and ‘escheat’ the Land from the Moors in Northwest Morocco (North America)?
- i. **The Naturalization Act of 1870**
 - ii. **The Act of Congress 1871**
- (44) What are some of the brands put on the Moroccans to ‘de-nationalize’ them to take control of the Land?
Negro, Black, Coloured/Colored, African-American, Moorish-American, American, Indian, Pan-African, Hebrew Israelite, etc.
- (45) What Treaty has a ‘Nationality clause’ to bring the enslaved and subjected Moors back into political protections as Nationals?
The Treaty of Madrid 1880 – Rights and Protections in Morocco
- (46) Which article of the Treaty mentioned in [question 45] provides the ‘Nationality clause’?
Article 15 – paragraph 1
- (47) Which article of the Treaty mentioned in [question 45] allows for Moorish subjugation under American civil and criminal jurisdiction?
Article 15 – paragraph 2
- (48) What is the Moorish Empire also referred to as in treaties and international law?
The Moroccan Empire, the Shereefian Empire, the Mohammedan Nation or simply Morocco.
- (49) According to the (84th) Congress of the ‘United states’ second session, congress approved a bill relinquishing extraterritorial jurisdiction in Morocco. When was it passed?
August 1st 1956
- (50) What was the name of the bill mentioned in [question 49]?
Public Law 856

- (51) How does 'Public Law 856' become law in the 'United states'?
When signed by the President at the time he sees appropriate
- (52) Has 'Public Law 856' been signed by the President of the United States of America?
No. Up until now, there were no competent Moorish Governments available to relinquish jurisdiction to.
- (53) What is the appropriate time for the President to sign the 'Public Law 856'?
When the Moors make a competent claim through a competent Moorish Government. The time is now.
- (54) Why have the Moors of Morocco been unsuccessful in challenging jurisdiction in the foreign courts of the 'United states'?
Moors, as natives of the land, have not had a competent Moorish Government and Moorish Consular Courts to properly enforce their sovereign status against foreign States under Moroccan law.
- (55) Is the constitution of the U.S.A. or for the U.S. municipal corporation the supreme law of the land?
No.
- (56) What is the 'supreme law of the land'?
Moroccan treaties and laws.
- (57) Why are Moroccan treaties and laws the 'supreme law of the land'?
Because, the laws are attached to the land, by way of the people through their government, to maintain Peace and Order on the land. Therefore, native laws are applicable and enforceable against any foreigner on the land.
- (58) Does any court / tribunal of the dependency state of GEORGIA have civil and criminal jurisdiction over a Moroccan National of AMPAG?
No.

- (59) As a follow up to [question 58] Why not?
Because the dependency state of GEORGIA is a 'chartered colony' under the sovereign authority of the *de jure* State of AMPAG.
- (60) Since the dependency state of GEORGIA is not a party to the 'Treaty of Peace and Friendship 1787/1836', what is it known as in relation to AMAPG?
A Third State
- (61) What is a 'Third State', according to the Vienna Convention of 1969, article 2(h)?
A State, not a party to a Treaty
- (62) What was the purpose of the United States of America's 'State' recognition & establishment of commerce in Morocco?
To generate taxes and other revenues for the Moorish Empire in exchange for protections, peace, liberty and property in its dominions.
- (63) Is the United States of America Republic government 'de jure' or 'de facto'?
'de jure'
- (64) Is the 'United states' International Organization (Municipal Corporation) 'de jure' or 'de facto'?
'de facto'
- (65) Why is the United States of America Republic 'de jure'?
Because the U.S.A. is the original party to the Treaty of 'Peace and Friendship 1787/1836' and it exists by right according to law. Black's Law Dictionary 4th edition (de jure definition)
- (66) Why is the 'United states' International Organization (Municipal Corporation) 'de facto'?

Because it is a municipal corporation according to the Act of Congress 1871 and not a party to the 'Treaty of Peace and Friendship 1787/1836' making it illegitimate but in effect. Black's Law Dictionary 4th edition (*de facto* definition)

(67) Does AMPAG require the consent or 'assent' of the United States of America or the U.S. Government in order to enact its Legislation?

No.

(68) Explain why consent or 'assent' is not required for Moorish States to enact legislation?

Because Moroccan States are the sovereigns of the land and the United States of America is under Treaty obligations as subordinate parties to the treaties.

(69) What does Article I (Scope of the present Convention) of the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties 1969 say?

"The present Convention applies to treaties between States"

(70) Can treaties be enforced by people as individuals against a government?

No.

(71) What does 'Pacta Sunt Servanda' mean according to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties article 26?

It means "Every Treaty in force is binding upon the parties to it and must be performed by them in good faith" i.e. agreements must be kept.

(72) What is 'Jus Cogens' according to the Vienna Convention on the Law of Treaties of 1969?

Latin: compelling law. "For the purposes of the present Convention, a preemptory norm of general international law is a norm accepted and recognized by the international community of States as a whole, as a norm from which no derogation is permitted..."

(73) What is an international principle supported by 'Jus Cogens'?

Human Rights

- (74) What is 'Uti Possidetis Juris'?
- Latin: as you possess under law. A principle of international law which provides that newly formed sovereign States should retain the internal borders that their preceding dependent area had before their independence.
- (75) How is 'Uti Possidetis Juris' established in a constitution?
- By determining the 'longitude' and 'latitude' of the borders of the colonized territory being reclaimed under international law.
- (76) What does 'Erga Omnes' mean in international law?
- Latin: towards all. Obligations in whose fulfilment all States have a legal interest because their subject matter is of importance to the international community as a whole. It follows from this that the breach of such an obligation is of concern not only to the victimized State, but also to all the other members of the international community. Thus, in the event of a breach of these obligations, every State must be considered justified in invoking (probably through judicial channels) the responsibility of the guilty State committing the international wrongful act. It has been suggested that an example of an *erga omnes* obligation is that of a people's rights to self-determination.
- (77) Are Moroccan Nationals required to affix a Moorish Title of Nobility to their name (appellation)?
- Yes.
- (78) What are the (5) recognized Titles of Nobility?
- El, Bey, Dey, Al and Ali
- (79) Who gets the honors for bringing back the Moorish Titles of Nobility into the consciousness of the acquiescing Moors in Morocco?
- Prophet Noble Drew Ali
- (80) Who is Noble Drew Ali?
- A universal Prophet sent to redeem the Moors in Morocco of their sinful ways and prepare them to take their seats in the affairs of men. So they may get back

to the constitutional fold of government and begin to worship under their own vine and fig tree and confess their own, therefore uplifting fallen humanity.

- (81) Through what organization did Noble Drew Ali operate?
The Moorish Science Temple of America 1913-1928
- (82) According to the 'Treaty of Madrid 1880 – Right of Protections in Morocco' article 9, can the local authorities of the dependency “state” of GEORGIA arrest a Moroccan National of AMPAG without notifying AMAPG’s Minister of Foreign Affairs?
No.
- (83) Are the government officials of AMPAG protected with diplomatic immunities under international law?
Yes.
- (84) As a follow up to [question 83] What international Convention affirms those protections and immunities?
The Vienna Convention on Privileges and Immunities 1961
- (85) Which UN Resolution was drafted in order to decolonize the world?
Resolution 1514 of 1960
- (86) What is a breach of an international obligation?
An Act of a State that is not in conformity with the requirements of the Treat or contract to perform or not perform an obligation with another State.
- (87) What Court of the United Nations resolves disputes between States?
The International Court of Justice (ICJ)
- (88) Which Court of the United Nations has the power to remove Heads of State?
The International Criminal Court (ICC)

- (89) What Court of the United Nations has civil and criminal jurisdiction over AMPAG Nationals?
The competent 'Supreme Court' of the Moorish State Government
- (90) That Court has civil and criminal jurisdiction over foreign American Citizens and Moorish Subjects in AMPAG's jurisdiction?
The competent 'Consular Court' of the Moorish State Government
- (91) What Treaty gives AMPAG jurisdiction over foreign American Citizens and Moorish Subjects?
The Act of Algeciras 1906 article 102
- (92) Who are the foreign American Citizens?
All Europeans and others who are under the jurisdiction and protections of the 'United states' as U.S. Citizens, as distinguished from Moorish Subjects.
- (93) Who are Moorish Subjects?
Those who have been naturalized or under protections of the United States based on Treaty relations with the Moorish Empire. These people have been labeled as 'black' people.
- (94) What is a 'Maghzen' (also spelled Makhzen)
In Moroccan Arabic, it means State of Government, originally applied to the Governing Body for the Sultan as a monarchy.
- (95) Why was the 'Treaty of Fez 1912' enacted to give authority over the Moroccan Empire to the French Republic?
Because, the Moors were acquiescing and not adhering to the obligations set forth in the Act of Algeciras 1906 to institute reforms for Peace and Security in Morocco.
- (96) What are the (6) reforms to be instituted for Peace and Security in Morocco?
i. Administrative

- ii. Judicial
- iii. Educational
- iv. Economic
- v. Financial
- vi. Military

(97) As a follow up to [question 96] Why were these reforms necessary in Morocco?

To reign in the order of the colonists who were being belligerent in the dominions of the Moroccan Empire.

(98) According to the preamble of the 'Act of Algeciras 1906', what are the reforms based in?

The Triple Principles

(99) What are the Triple Principles?

- i. Sovereignty & Independence
- ii. Integrity of Domains
- iii. Economic Liberty without any Inequality

(100) What are (2) Principles that represent the establishment and ongoing operation of Moroccan Governments?

Sovereignty and Independence: The establishment of Moorish Governments
Integrity of Domains: The enactment and enforcement of Moroccan laws.

(101) What does Economic Liberty without any Inequality represent?

Decolonization and Demilitarization within the Empire of Morocco

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